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Rishi Sunak denies being 'Scrooge' as he mulls £10bn raid on middle-class pensions among £25bn of tax hikes in crucial fiscal package next week while public services face eyewatering £35bn cuts

- Jeremy Hunt has devised proposals for big cutbacks after talking to Rishi Sunak
- Plans to push through £25billion of tax rises to fill £60billion budget black hole
- Tax revenue lower than expected after the Bank of England recession warning
- Middle class could face £10billion hit through tax raid on pension contributions

By JAMES TAPSFIELD. POLITICAL EDITOR FOR MAILONLINE and ARCHIE MITCHELL and MARTIN BECKFORD FOR THE DAILY MAIL

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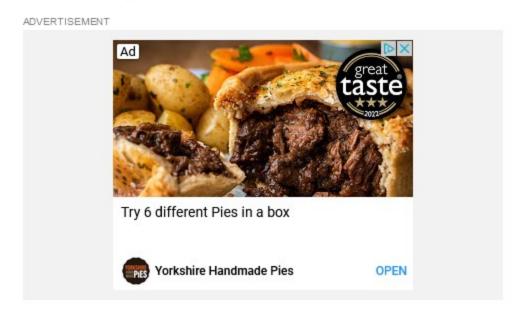




Rishi Sunak has dismissed claims he will be 'Scrooge' this Christmas despite mounting fears over looming tax hikes and austerity.

The PM and Chancellor Jeremy Hunt are believed to have met over the weekend to agree the outline of a huge squeeze to fill a £60billion black hole in the public finances.

The Autumn Statement on November 17 is expected to focus on curbs to spending, with public sector wages rising lower than inflation to help secure £35billion of savings. Insiders told MailOnline that downgrading the 'triple lock' on state pensions is being seriously considered, with Business Secretary Grant Shapps again refusing to rule it out this morning.



But there could also be £25billion of tax rises. A £10billion raid on tax breaks for pension contributions has been mooted, although government sources played the idea down.

Mr Hunt is due to submit the main outline of his plans to the Office for Budget Responsibility by this morning.

He had hoped for a 50/50 split between cuts and tax rises but last week's dire **Bank** of **England** warning of a long recession suggests tax revenue will be even worse than anticipated.

Speaking as he headed for the COP27 summit in Egypt, Mr Sunak said he was determined to 'deliver growth'.

Asked if the Autumn Statement will make him Santa or Scrooge this Christmas, he told The Sun: 'Santa - my kids wouldn't have it any other way. I'm very pro Christmas.'

He went on: 'We are going to do it sustainably, built on the foundations of strong public finances. We got a glimpse of what happens when you get that wrong.

'I care about getting borrowing under control, as it's going to make mortgages more affordable for your readers. I am going to fix those problems.'



Rishi Sunak is in Egypt for the COP27 summit today as preparations continue for the Autumn Statement



Jeremy Hunt (pictured) is to outline spending cuts of up to £35billion in next week's crucial Autumn Statement

Cabinet minister Oliver Dowden defended the government's approach yesterday, saying increasing taxes was a last resort.

The Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster told Sky News: 'Unfortunately, because of the difficult decisions we have to take, we are going to have to take difficult decisions on both tax and spending.

'But of course, as Conservatives – and I know that the Prime Minister and the Chancellor share this view with me –we need to bear down on spending first and eliminate waste, excessive spending and only go to tax rises if it's the last resort.

'But given the difficulties in the public finances, there is likely to be a mix of the two.'

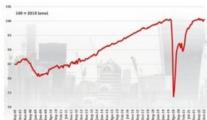
Mr Hunt is believed to be weighing up a change to tax rules that encourage workers to contribute to their pension pots.

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The Government could reduce relief on contributions for 5.5million higher-rate taxpayers, from 40p to as low as 20p. That would raise between £8billion and £10billion each year.

But it would come at the expense of workers earning more than £50,270.

Due to thresholds being frozen while inflation soars many more people are due to be dragged into the higher rate.

Pension tax relief currently costs the Government £42.7billion each year.

A Treasury source told The Sunday Telegraph income tax relief on pensions 'has been discussed' and is still on the table.



## Oliver Dowden (pictured) insisted the Government would only put up taxes as a last resort

A similar plan in 2016 by then-Chancellor George Osborne was abandoned amid warnings it would cause a 'riot' in the Conservative Party.

Sir Steve Webb, former pensions minister and partner at law firm Lane Clark & Peacock, said: '£10billion is roughly five million people losing £2,000 each - the majority of whom probably voted Tory last time.'

He added that if ministers wanted to alienate Conservative voters, then to 'abolish the higher-rate tax reliefs and scrap the triple lock and you are pretty much done'.

Downing Street is also reportedly looking at extending the freeze on the lifetime allowance for retirement funds for at least five years. But critics say that a refusal to increase the maximum limit on pension funds could force an estimated two million more people to pay tax penalties of up to 55 per cent on pension withdrawals.

## What's the point of saving for old age if you're punished for doing so, asks BARONESS ROS ALTMANN

## BARONESS ROS ALTMANN FOR THE DAILY MAIL

This is the economics of the madhouse. Downing Street's reported plan to extend the freeze on the lifetime allowance for retirement funds could undermine the whole thrust of the pensions system.

It represents a stealth tax on middle income savers. By refusing to increase the maximum limit on pension funds for at least five years, until 2027, Prime Minister Rishi Sunak and Chancellor Jeremy Hunt could force an estimated two million more people to pay tax penalties of up to 55 per cent on pension withdrawals.

That is appalling. It goes against the whole incentive for putting money aside to invest for the long term in a pension fund.

Ministers have also discussed reducing the level of income tax relief on pensions for Britain's 5.5million higher-rate taxpayers, from 40p to 20p. Again, this could prove a huge disincentive to saving and amounts to an income raid on any workers earning more than £50,270.

I accept that having a simple annual limit on how much can be invested into a taxfavoured pension makes sense, so that the very highest earners cannot abuse the system and avoid tax.

But it's crazy to then punish people for making smart investments over the decades and building up a comfortable nest egg.



By refusing to increase the maximum limit on pension funds for at least five years, until 2027, Prime Minister Rishi Sunak and Chancellor Jeremy Hunt (pictured) could force an estimated two million more people to pay tax penalties of up to 55 per cent on pension withdrawals

The upper limit on lifetime allowances used to be £1.8million. This was reduced again and again, to £1.5million and then £1.2million and finally supposed to be frozen at around £1million, before the Treasury announced it would rise in line with inflation. But this hasn't happened.

The last announcement was that it would be frozen again for a couple of years while the latest rumours suggest it will be frozen for even longer.

With the consumer price index currently over 10 per cent, an inflation link would increase the limit by roughly £100,000 this year, but instead its value is whittling away. Every year the limit is frozen, it is falling in real terms.

It's been a policy worthy of the Grand Old Duke of York, but certainly not worthy of encouraging successful pension investing.

The solution ought to be simple. By setting up a pension fund early in their careers, people can make steady payments and see their funds increase over time.

But what's the point of encouraging that if, after all those years, people find they are punished for doing well. The penal tax rates are an active disincentive to sensible saving.

A better way forward would be to abolish the lifetime allowance penalty altogether. Just control annual contributions and encourage successful investment.

Baroness Altmann is a former pensions minister.